



# PRECISIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS FREESTYLE SKIING

EDITION 2011/2012

## Oberhofen, November 211

### PRECISIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE SEASON 2011/2012 (November 2011)

- National Ski Associations \*
- Organisers of all Freestyle events listed in the FIS Calendar
- Technical Delegates according to their assignment

\* Will be sent to the National Ski Associations to the attention of the team captains and trainers. The reproduction of further copies is duty of the National Associations.

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### Precision's to the FIS International Freestyle Competition Rules (ICR) Antalya (TUR) Edition 2010

#### Art. 203: Change of Licence to participate in FIS Races

##### **203 Licence to participate in FIS Races (FIS Licence)**

A licence to participate in FIS races is issued by a National Ski Association to competitors who fulfil the criteria for participation through registering the competitor with FIS in the respective discipline(s).

- 203.1 The FIS licence year begins on July 1<sup>st</sup> and finishes on June 30<sup>th</sup> of the following year.
- 203.2 To be eligible for participation in FIS events, a competitor must have a licence issued by his National Ski Association. Such a licence shall be valid in the Northern and Southern hemispheres for the licence year only. The validity of a licence can be limited to participation in one specific country or in one or more specific events.
- 203.2.1 The National Ski Association must guarantee that all competitors registered with a FIS License to participate in FIS races accept the Rules of the International Ski Federation, in particular the provision which foresees the exclusive competence of the Court of Arbitration for Sport as the court of appeal in doping cases.
- 203.3 A National Ski Association may only issue a FIS licence to participate in FIS races when the competitor has [proven his/her nationality and therefore eligibility by submitting a copy of his/her passport and](#) signed the Athletes Declaration in the form approved by the FIS Council and returned it to his National Ski Association. All forms from under-age applicants must be counter signed by their legal guardians. [Both the copy of the passport and signed Athletes Declaration must be made available to FIS on request.](#)
- 203.4 During the FIS licence year, a competitor may only participate in International FIS competitions with a FIS licence to participate in FIS races issued by one National Ski Association.

- 203.5 **Application for a change of FIS Licence Registration**  
All applications to change licence registration from one member National Ski Association to another are subject to consideration by the FIS Council at its Meetings in the spring. In principle an application to change licence registration will not be granted unless the competitor demonstrates his/her personal association with the new nation.  
Prior to submitting an application to change licence registration a competitor must possess the citizenship and passport of the country for which he/she wishes to compete. In addition, the competitor must have had his/her principal legal and effective place of residence in the new country for a minimum of two (2) years immediately prior to the date of the request to change registration to the new country/National Ski Association.  
An exception to the two year residency rule may be waived where if the athlete was born in the territory of the new country, or whose mother or father is a national of the new country. Furthermore the competitor is required to submit a detailed explanation with the application about his/her personal circumstances and the reason for requesting a change of licence registration.
- 203.5.1 If a competitor has already participated in FIS calendar events for a National Ski Association, he/she must have the written agreement to be released from the former National Ski Association in addition to the citizenship, passport and residency requirements in art. 203.5 before the new National Ski Association may submit a request to FIS for a change of registration.  
If such a written agreement is not given, the competitor may not participate in any FIS calendar events for a period of twelve months from the end of the last season in which he competed for his present National Ski Association, nor may he/she be issued with a licence to participate in FIS races by the new National Ski Association.  
These rules are also valid when a competitor has more than one nationality and would like to change National Ski Association licence registration.
- 203.5.2 The FIS Council reserves the right in its absolute discretion, to grant or to decline to grant, a change of licence notwithstanding the fulfilment of the aforementioned conditions where it deems ~~there to be truly exceptional circumstances and~~ it is contrary to the spirit of the rule and in the best interests of ~~snow sport~~ the International Ski Federation to do so (e.g. to decline to grant a change of licence if a member National Ski Association tries to "import" a competitor).
- 203.5.3 In the event that a competitor does not fulfill all the criteria required to apply for a change of National Ski Association licence registration, the onus shall be on the athlete-competitor to demonstrate in writing to the satisfaction of the FIS Council that ~~such~~ exceptional circumstances exist and it is in the best interests of the International Ski Federation to grant the change.
- 203.5.4 Every A competitor automatically loses will retain his old FIS points if he changes his National Ski Association. The FIS Council may grant exceptions for justifiable cases under the condition that the former National Ski Association granted the release of the competitor.
- 203.5.5 In the event that any of the documents for an application to change licence registration submitted by the National Ski Association (letter of release from the former National Ski Association, passport, residency papers) are found to be false, the FIS Council will sanction the competitor and the new National Ski Association.

## **Jury Notification**

### 205 Competitors Obligations and Rights

205.1 The competitors are obliged to make themselves familiar with the appropriate FIS rules and must comply with the additional instructions of the Jury. Competitors must also follow the FIS rules and regulations, and instructions of the Jury.

205.3 Competitors must follow the FIS rules regulations and instructions of the Jury. As stated in the Athletes Declaration, competitors have the right to inform the Jury of safety concerns they may have regarding the training and competition courses. More details are given in the corresponding discipline rules.

## **Medical Guide**

### 221.6 Medical Services Required from Event Organisers

The health and safety of all those involved in a FIS competition is a primary concern of all event Organisers. This includes the competitors as well as volunteers, course workers and spectators.

The specific composition of the medical support system is dependent on several variables:

- The size, and level, type of the event being held (World Championships, World Cup, Continental Cup, FIS-level, etc.) together with the local medical standards of care and geographic locations and circumstances.
- The estimated number of competitors, support staff and spectators.
- The scope of responsibility for the Event Medical Organisation (competitors, support staff, spectators) should also be determined.

The Organiser / The Chief of Medical and Rescue Services must confirm with the race director or technical delegate that the required rescue facilities are in place before starting the official training or competition. In the event of an incident, or issue that prevents the primary medical plan from being utilized, the back-up plan must be in place before recommencing the official training or competition. The specific requirements concerning facilities, resources, personnel and team physicians are contained in the respective discipline rules and the FIS Medical Guide, containing Medical Rules and Guidelines.

### **225 Appeals Commission**

225.1.2 The Chairman shall appoint 3 members, which may include himself, to the Appeals Commission from the Discipline Rules Sub-Committee ~~(or Discipline Committee if there is no Rules Sub-committee)~~ for each case appealed or submitted to be heard, whose decisions shall be by majority vote.

## **3043.7 The Start Order**

### *3043.7.4 Start List Information*

The start list will include the following information:

- Name of Competition Sponsor;
- Name of Competition;
- Site of Competition;
- Codex Number;
- Dates;
- Times;
- FIS Codes
- Name, Nationality, [Year of Birth](#) and Bib Number of Competitors
- Starting Order Number
- Name and Nationality of Jury and Judges;
- Name and Nationality of Chief of Course;
- General Course Specifications

## **3043.8 Qualified for the Final**

The Finals generally consist of the following number of competitors:

If there is a tie among Finalists after the Qualifications, see 3045.4.3.

In Moguls, Aerials, and Ski Halfpipe and Slopestyle, the running order for the first or only Final phase shall be reverse of the order of placement in the Qualifications. In Moguls and Aerials, the start order for any second phase can be the reverse of the competitors' rankings following the first phase. In Halfpipe and Slopestyle, the start order of a second phase will be the same of the first phase.

## **3045.2 Official Results**

### **3045.2.2 Official Results Information**

The Official Results must contain the following information:

- Name of Competition Sponsor;
- Name of Competition;
- Site of Competition;
- Codex Number;
- Date and Time of Competition;
- Name and Nationality of Jury and Judges;
- Name and Nationality of Chief of Course;
- General Course Standards;
- Name of Organization, Club or Association;
- Competitor Names, Nationalities, [Year of Birth](#), Bib Numbers; FIS Points
- FIS Codes;
- Complete Scoring Calculations (i.e.: individual judges scores and where applicable degree of difficulty factors, speed of competitor, speed points, Dual Moguls protocols, Ski Cross protocols);
- Sanction of National Ski Association and FIS;
- Signature of TD approving the above list.

The names of each nation must be indicated by the FIS code of three capital letters.

The Results are made official following an inspection by both the Chief of Scoring and the Head Judge and by the application of their signatures.

### 3046.2 Moguls, Aerials, Ski Halfpipe and Ski Slopestyle Age Limits

In order to compete in international Moguls, Aerials, and Ski Halfpipe and Ski Slopestyle competitions, a competitor must have reached the 14<sup>th</sup> birthday before the end of the calendar year. To compete in Major competitions, a competitor must have reached the 15<sup>th</sup> birthday before the end of the calendar year.

Licensed in season 11/12 for MO/DM/AE/HP/SS: 1997 and earlier

### 3056 Disqualifications (DSQ)

3056.7 if a competitor alters a course or jump or trains on a closed course or does not stop, when flagged in ski cross

### 3060.2 Competition Procedures

#### 3060.2.6 Moguls

In the Moguls competition, all competitors will make at least one run-down the course. The qualified ladies and men, as specified in rule 3043.8 shall move to the Finals.

There can be more than one round in the qualification (Q) and final (F) phases.

Based upon the results of the qualification round (Q1), a set number of competitors will be directly seeded into the final. An optional, 2<sup>nd</sup> qualification round (Q2), with no more than 20 competitors, based upon the ranking of the competitors remaining competitors from Q1 will take part in Q2. In Q2, an equal number of competitors from the Q1 will be seeded into the final.

In the final phase, there can be several rounds based upon the level of competition. The top seeded competitors from the qualification phase will take part into the first round (F1) in the final. A limited number of top ranked competitors from F1, will proceed into next round(s), either being F2 and then F3.

<u>World Cup</u>	<u>Ladies</u>	<u>Q1</u> <u>N</u>	<u>Q2</u> <u>20</u>	<u>F1</u> <u>12-16</u>	<u>F2</u> <u>3-4</u>	<u>F3</u>
	<u>Men</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>12-16</u>	<u>3-4</u>	
<u>World Championships</u>	<u>Ladies</u>	<u>Q1</u> <u>N</u>	<u>Q2</u> <u>20</u>	<u>F1</u> <u>16</u>	<u>F2</u> <u>8</u>	<u>F3</u> <u>4</u>
	<u>Men</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Olympic Winter Games</u>	<u>Ladies</u>	<u>Q1</u> <u>N</u>	<u>Q2</u> <u>20</u>	<u>F1</u> <u>20</u>	<u>F2</u> <u>10</u>	<u>F3</u> <u>4</u>
	<u>Men</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>4</u>

### 3060.2.8 Aerials

In Aerials, several 3 formats, may be used; the Final, the Standard or the Championship. There are two options for the final phases in the Final format.

For all formats, the start list for the first phase shall be determined by a random draw.

In all formats, at least one phase must be completed for the results of the competition to be valid.

The start order for the second phase(s) may be in reverse order of the results of the first phase.

~~If two phases have been completed in a competition, then the score of the first jump shall be added to the score of the second jump for a combined score made of two different jumps.~~

If a phase cannot be completed, then the results from the most recent completed phase shall be valid.

#### 3060.2.8.1 Aerials Final Format

In the Final format, all competitors shall compete in qualification phase consisting of one or more rounds~~jump~~. There can be two options for the final phase. In the first option, after the qualification phases, the top 12 ladies and top 12 men shall advance to the Final phases. The finalists will take one additional jump and these results shall be added to those from the first phase. The remainder of the field will be ranked according to the results in the qualification phase. In the Final phase, the competitors shall run in reverse order of the placing in the qualification phase.

In the second option, the top 8 competitors from the qualification will be seeded into the Final, which will consist of a series of elimination heats, semifinal phases and final phases.

In each phase, there is a series of heats with a pairing of two competitors. The start order of the Final phase will be based upon the qualification results and the results of each heat. The winner of each heat will advance into the next phase and eventually the winner will be determined in the Final heat.

In each heat, the competitor with the higher score will advance to the next phase and be paired against the competitor from other heats based upon a ladder. (see 4008.8).

#### 3060.2.8.2 Standard Format

In the Standard format, a decreasing number of competitors will proceed into the next rounds and phases~~, all competitors shall have two phases. The phases are run as individual competitions. The results from both phases are added together and ranked.~~ If the second ~~both~~ phases cannot be completed then the results from the first phase will be valid.

There can be more than one round in the qualification (Q) and final (F) phases.

Based upon the results of the qualification round (Q1), a set number of competitors will be directly seeded into the final. An optional, 2<sup>nd</sup> qualification round (Q2), with no more than 12 competitors, based upon the ranking of the competitors remaining competitors from Q1 will take part in Q2. In Q2, an equal number of competitors from the Q1 will be seeded into the final.

In the final phase, there can be several rounds based upon the level of competition. The top seeded competitors from the qualification phase will take part into the first round (F1) in the final. A limited number of top ranked competitors from F1, will proceed into next round(s), either being F2 and then F3

<u>World Cup</u>	<u>Ladies</u>	<u>Q1</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>F1</u>	<u>F2</u>	<u>F3</u>
	<u>Men</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>4</u>	
<u>World Championships</u>	<u>Ladies</u>	<u>Q1</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>F1</u>	<u>F2</u>	<u>F3</u>
	<u>Men</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Olympic Winter Games</u>	<u>Ladies</u>	<u>Q1</u>	<u>Q2</u>	<u>F1</u>	<u>F2</u>	<u>F3</u>
	<u>Men</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>12+N</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>4</u>

### 3060.2.8.3 Championship Format

In the Championship format, all competitors shall compete in a Qualification phase competition consisting of one or two rounds/phases. The qualified competitors as specified in rule 3043.8 will move to the Finals. These finalists shall each have two or more rounds/phases in the Finals. In the Finals, the competitors shall run in reverse order of the placing in the Qualification phase-competition. The remainder of the field will be ranked according to the results in the Qualification.

### 3060.2.8.4 Major Competition Format

World Ski Championships and Olympic Winter Games shall use the Championship format.

If either, a Championship format Qualifications and Finals or two different Standard or Final competitions, are scheduled they ~~may~~ be held over two days (e.g.: Qualifications on one day, Finals on another day).

## Aerial Course Specifications

### 4002.1.3.1 Construction of Aerial Sites

Artificial surfaces can be used along with snow for parts on the inrun and the takeoff.

Standards for Aerial ramp constructions.

<u>Element</u>	<u>Length (m)</u>	<u>Width (m)</u>	<u>Angle (°)</u>
<u>Inrun</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>25</u>
<u>Table</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Landing</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>38</u>
<u>Outrun</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>0</u>

### Landing Zone

The landing zone would have 3 separate areas

Yellow Zone: From Knoll to Green Zone

Green Zone: Landing Zone

Red Zone: Green Zone to start of the transition to finish area

## **Ski Slopestyle Course standards (new)**

### **4100 SLOPESTYLE**

#### **4101 The Slopestyle**

The competition will be held on a course with a variety of hits, jumps, rails, tables, big-air, etc. with two or more lines that the competitors may choose from.

#### **4102 Technical Data**

##### **4102.1 General characteristics of the course**

The average slope inclination should be approximately 12 degrees. The slope should have a regular pitch, without marked variations of the inclination.

The Slopestyle course must be a minimum of 30 meters wide. The course must be a minimum of 100 and a maximum of 200 meters in vertical drop.

##### **4102.2 Slopestyle course description**

The Slopestyle course shall contain a variety of type of features (table top jumps, fun boxes, quarter pipes, waves/jumps, rails and ridges, or other features types). The course should have a minimum of three (3) different features types and a minimum of four (4) judged hits in total. The distance between the features should allow a smooth transition and performance. The course should be designed to require a minimum run time of 20+ seconds. The features and the overall course should be designed in such a manner so as to allow usage by both men and ladies competitors.

The ideal Slopestyle course should be technically challenging, with a wide variety and balance of features in diverse combinations.

##### **4102.3 Start and finish area**

The start area must be flat and wide enough for competitors to prepare for the competition and for coaches, staff and media teams to work. The finish area must be width enough as to provide the competitors a secure termination for their performance. The entire course should be visible from the judging finish area.

##### **4102.4 Exceptions**

Exceptions indoor or in-city events (indoor style or in-city style):

##### **4102.5 Security considerations**

Other features can be built but security consideration must always be a priority.

### 4506.3 Ranking for 8 heats / 6 per heat with 48 Ladies or Men

Heat	1 <sup>st</sup> position	2 <sup>nd</sup> position	3 <sup>rd</sup> position	4 <sup>th</sup> position	5 <sup>th</sup> position	6 <sup>th</sup> position
1	1	16	<a href="#">2417</a>	32	<a href="#">4033</a>	48
2	8	9	<a href="#">1724</a>	25	<a href="#">3340</a>	41
3	<a href="#">65</a>	<a href="#">1112</a>	<a href="#">1921</a>	<a href="#">2728</a>	<a href="#">3537</a>	<a href="#">4344</a>
4	4	13	<a href="#">2120</a>	29	<a href="#">3736</a>	45
5	3	14	<a href="#">2219</a>	30	<a href="#">3835</a>	46
6	<a href="#">56</a>	<a href="#">1211</a>	<a href="#">2022</a>	<a href="#">2827</a>	<a href="#">3638</a>	<a href="#">4443</a>
7	7	10	<a href="#">1823</a>	26	<a href="#">3439</a>	42
8	2	15	<a href="#">2318</a>	31	<a href="#">3934</a>	47

### 4510 Final Ranking (Ski Cross)

#### 4510.1 Four Person Format

Competitors 1 to 4 are ranked according to their place of finish in the final heat. Competitors 5 to 8 are ranked according to their place of finish in the phase. All remaining competitors are ranked according to [their ranking in each heat](#), the phase they go out in (i.e. quarter finals) and their qualification times within that phase. (example: competitors ranked 9 to 16 in the quarterfinal would be ranked according to their [ranking in the heat and then by their](#) qualification times.)

#### 4510.2 Six Person Format

Competitors 1 to 6 are ranked according to their place of finish in the final heat. Competitors 7 to 12 are ranked according to their place of finish in the phase. All remaining competitors are ranked according to [their ranking in each heat](#), the phase they go out in (i.e. quarter finals) and their qualification times within that phase. (example: competitors ranked 13 to 24 in the quarterfinal would be ranked according to their [ranking in the heat and then by their](#) qualification times.)

### Changes to the World Cup Rules

The inclusion a Team Event (ICR 4700) comprising three competitors with no more than two of one gender, as part of the FIS Freestyle Ski Aerial World Cup.

#### 4.1 Accommodation, Food, Transportation for Competitors and Team Officials

[4.2 Duration of Accommodation for competitors and team officials](#)  
[The organizer shall provide the following support from at least the night before the first official training until the morning after the last competition at which the competitor participated.](#)

[4.2.1 Moguls / Dual Mogul – Arrival day / two training days / one competition day / departure day; 4 nights and 5 days](#)

- 4.2.2 Aerials – Arrival day / two training days / one competition day / departure day; 4 nights and 5 days
- 4.2.3 Ski Cross – Arrival day / 1 training day and 1 qualification day / one competition day / departure day; 4 nights and 5 days
- 4.2.4 Ski Halfpipe – Arrival day / two training days / one competition day / departure day; 4 nights and 5 days
- 4.2.5 Additional costs due to early arrival or late departure is the responsibility of the teams.

**4. Accommodation and Payment of Expenses for Teams**

**4.3 Halfpipe**

~~For the Halfpipe events, the Organiser is required to provide the “FIS Rate” for the top 12 ladies and top 24 men only based upon the current FIS World Cup Standings.~~

**7. Prize money 2011/12**

A minimum amount of prize money of CHF 15'000.-- per competition, per gender must be paid out.

Breakdown:	Place	Amount CHF	% of Total
	1st place	6'500.--	43.30%
	2nd place	3'300.--	22.00%
	3rd place	2'000.--	13.30%
	4th place	1'000.--	6.67%
	5th place	700.--	4.67%
	6th place	500.--	3.33%
	7th place	400.--	2.67%
	8th place	300.--	2.00%
	9th place	200.--	1.33%
	10th place	100.--	0.68%
Total:		15'000.—	100.00%
		=====	

For an aerial team World Cup, 50% of the prize money will be awarded based upon the results of the qualification phase. The remaining 50% of the prize money will be awarded according to the results of the team competition with following allocation:

- 1st place 7'500.- CHF
- 2nd place 5'000.- CHF
- 3<sup>rd</sup> place 2'500.- CHF

The payment must be made at the awards ceremony in cash and in convertible currency, taking into consideration the local tax-laws.

The OC must assist the competitors with matters relating to taxation of prize money in the country in which the competition is held.

## **8.2 Ski Cross Draw**

~~The best 16 Ski Cross competitors present will be drawn according to their highest ranking on the WC points list or FIS points list (published 6 times a year). If the competitors are tied, the higher points in the second category will decide their position. If they are still tied their position will be decided by a draw.~~

~~First group will be randomly drawn (computer). Competitors with points will be ranked according to their higher points on the World Cup points list or the FIS points list.~~

The best 16 Ski Cross competitors present according to their ranking on the World Cup Starting List (WCSL) Points in descending order, the FIS Freestyle Ski Cross Points in descending order (1000 to 50) or the FIS Freestyle Ski Alpine Points in ascending order (0 to 50) will randomly be drawn.

Competitors with equal points and placing from 17 to last are drawn randomly for seeding.

## **13.1 FIS Freestyle Ski World Cup Entry and Qualification**

The FIS Freestyle Ski World Cup competitions are open to all men determined for each nation.

These standards can be different for ladies and men's events.

The quotas will be calculated two times: once before the season starts and the second time on February 1<sup>st</sup> during the season. For the 2<sup>nd</sup> calculation the quota may increase but not decrease.

## **11.6 Status of injured persons**

### **11.7 WCSL points of the previous season**

In all cases the deletion of WCSL points of the previous season follows automatically during the current season according to art. 11.5.3 of the FIS World Cup rules, in order to keep the WCSL current.

### **11.8 Application for status as injured**

If due to injury a competitor has started not more than four (4) times per event, during the period from October 15<sup>th</sup> to April 15<sup>th</sup>, the National Ski Association may in any case apply for the approval of a status as injured in the WCSL for the upcoming season in any case until April 30<sup>th</sup>.

If the status as injured is approved according to the World Cup rules, the competitor will be enrolled in the WCSL of the respective event(s) for the coming season.

### **11.9 Enrollment**

Enrollment is in all cases made in the WCSL published after the Final of the season.

#### **11.9.1 No start or a maximum of 1 WCSL start per event**

If a competitor starts at a maximum of one WCSL competition of the event concerned in the season, the penalty is calculated according to the competitor's rank before they begin of that season.

### **11.9.2 Participation**

If the competitor has participated at least at two WCSL competitions in the event(s) concerned during the season:

the penalty is calculated according to the competitor's WCSL rank at the moment of the injury (irrespective of the event).

In case of participation at a WCSL event after the injury, the penalty is calculated according to the competitor's WCSL rank at the moment of his last WCSL participation (irrespective of the event).

### **11.9.3 Retired competitors**

Retired competitors are automatically deleted from the WCSL at latest after 1 season without participation at FIS events.

### **11.10 Scale for penalties according to ranks**

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Penalties</u>
<u>1 - 5</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>6 - 10</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>11 - 15</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>16 - 20</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>21 - 25</u>	<u>12</u>
<u>26 - 30</u>	<u>14</u>
<u>31 - 40</u>	<u>18</u>
<u>41 - 50</u>	<u>20</u>
<u>From 51</u>	<u>25</u>

### **13.5.3 Ski Cross World Cup Quota**

Maximum Team Size (Men's plus Ladies Quota) is 1240

Maximum 67 per gender.

## **Rules for Junior World Ski Championships**

### **6. Number of participants and officials**

6.1 Each National Ski Association may delegate in total no more than 4838 competitors, but no more than 4020 of the same gender. A maximum of 4 ladies and 4 men may start per event.

In case of more or less events the quota can be adapted.

At its Meeting in Ljubljana, the Council requested that the Freestyle Skiing Committee reviews the proposal to reduce the number of judges for aerials events to 5 (from 7) for competitions at all levels. After further consideration, the Freestyle Skiing Committee proposes that 6 judges be used in aerials, however the Council confirmed its decision that 5 judges are used, as is the case in Ski Jumping.